## JUDICIAL IMPACT FISCAL NOTE

Bill Number:	Title: Agend				<b>/</b> :	
1227 SHB	Rights of Families – Allegations of Abuse			055 – Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC)		
Part I: Estimates	or the Courts (AO					(AOC)
rait i. Estilliates						
☐ No Fiscal Impact						
-						
Estimated Cash Receipts to:						
	FY 2022	FY 2023	2021	-23	2023-25	2025-27
	1 1 2022	1 1 2020	2021		2020 20	2020 27
Total:						
Estimated Expenditures from	):					
STATE	FY 2022	FY 2023	2021	-23	2023-25	2025-27
FTE – Staff Years						
Account						
General Fund – State (001-1)						
State Subtotal						
COUNTY						
County FTE Staff Years						
Account						
Local - Counties						
Counties Subtotal						
CITY						
City FTE Staff Years  Account						
Local – Cities						
Cities Subtotal						
Local Subtotal						
Total Estimated						
Expenditures:						
•				•		
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The revenue and expenditure estimate expenditures may be subject to the pro-				посат ппра	и. пезринз	ibility for
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Check applicable boxes and follow con	rresponding ins	tructions:				
☐ If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,0	000 per fiscal ve	ear in the curr	ent bienniu	m or in subs	sequent bier	nnia complete
entire fiscal note form parts I-V	oo por noodi y		one bioinna	111 01 111 000	ocquorit bioi	ina, complete
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☑ If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000	per fiscal year	in the current	biennium c	r in subseq	uent biennia	a, complete this
page only (Part I).						
☐ Capital budget impact, complete Pa	art IV.					
Legislative Contact:			one:		Date:	

Legislative Contact:	Phone:	Date:
Agency Preparation: Sam Knutson	Phone: 360-704-5528	Date: 2/3/2021
Agency Approval: Ramsey Radwan	Phone: 360-357-2406	Date:
OFM Review:	Phone:	Date:

### **Part II: Narrative Explanation**

This bill would require a court to release a child to a parent unless the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that removal of the child is necessary to prevent imminent physical harm and that the evidence shows a causal relationship between the conditions in the home and imminent physical harm to the child.

The bill would modify the standards used to authorize detention or removal of a child from a parent.

#### This bill differs from HB 1227:

The substitute bill would specify that imminent physical harm, the standard used in the underlying bill to determine whether a child should be removed from a parent, includes that which results from sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, or a pattern of severe neglect.

The substitute bill would replace the term "supporting services" with the term "prevention services." which is defined in current law.

The substitute bill would specify that disbelief on the part of the relative or other suitable person that the parent presents a danger to the child must not prevent the child's placement with such relative or other suitable person provided the caregiver will protect the safety of the child and comply with court orders regarding contact with a parent, quardian, or legal custodian.

The substitute bill would require the Department of Children, Youth and Families (DCYF) to begin an assessment of a relative or other suitable person's home within 72 hours of placement instead of 24 hours and issue an initial license instead of expediting licensure.

The substitute bill would specify that relatives seeking licensure will receive a foster care maintenance payment starting on the first day the person agrees to begin the licensing process.

The substitute bill would specify that failure to comply with court orders and placement moves while a child is in shelter care will be considered when determining whether reasonable efforts have been made by the DCYF.

# Part II.A – Brief Description of what the Measure does that has fiscal impact on the Courts

### **II.B - Cash Receipt Impact**

None.

### II.C – Expenditures

Indeterminate. It is unknown how many hearings or proceedings may result from or be impacted by this bill. The bill may increase the length of some shelter care hearings. If a parent is not represented by counsel, a County Clerk would be required to provide information to the parent regarding how to obtain counsel.

Forms would need to be revised, and judicial education would be required. These impacts would be managed within existing resources.